

### EYFS Curriculum 2025/2026

#### Our School Ethos - What inspires us

As a church school our ethos is rooted in our Christian faith, and we seek to encourage an understanding of the meaning and significance of faith in the lives of our children. We believe that our children have unlimited potential, and we strive to play our part in the promises of God for their future.

'For I know the plans I have for you,' declares the Lord, 'plans to prosper you and not to harm you, plans to give you hope and a future' Jeremiah 29:11

#### Aims and values - Intent

#### At St Peter's School we believe that:

- a good Early Childhood Education is fundamental to the child's whole development.
- a good, positive, enjoyable start to school life is essential to children's learning, so we consider the child as a whole.
- Social, emotional, spiritual, physical, moral, intellectual, and cultural development is interrelated.
- A positive learning environment is essential to a child's development, this can be created by adults and children in the child's life.
- Future learning depends on the foundations of an early childhood education.

#### We aim to ensure:

- Children have access to a broad, balanced and creative curriculum that gives them the full range of knowledge and skills needed for good progress through school and life.
- Quality and consistency in teaching and learning so that every child makes good progress, and no child gets left behind
- Close partnership working between practitioners and parents and/or carers.
- Every child is included and supported through equality of opportunity and anti-discriminatory practice.

#### We intend:

- to create a safe and caring environment for the children to learn in
- to provide opportunities for individual, group and whole class activities
- to provide a full and varied education for each child
- to develop the children's social, emotional, spiritual, physical, moral, intellectual and cultural experiences
- to provide a strong foundation for all future learning.

#### Pupils will be encouraged:

- to develop in all areas of learning
- to reach their potential in a positive learning environment
- to learn through first-hand experience
- to develop positive relationships with other children and adults.

#### **Our Core Values**

#### **RESPECT**

We believe that every one of us is made in the image of God and is therefore uniquely valuable and worthy of the highest respect. We are an inclusive, loving community that seeks to model empathy and understanding to everyone, learning to place our trust in one another.

"Finally, brothers and sisters, whatever is true, whatever is noble, whatever is right, whatever is pure, whatever is lovely, whatever is admirable – if anything is excellent or praiseworthy – think about such things.... And the God of peace will be with you" Philippians 4:8-9

#### **RESOLVE**

We encourage our children to be enthusiastic about learning and positive about the future, developing their own emotional strength and resilience. We promote a 'have-a-go' culture where children develop confidence in whom they are and what they can achieve. "Be strong and courageous. Do not be afraid; do not be discouraged, for the Lord your God will be with you wherever you go" Joshua 1:9

#### **ASPIRATION**

We strive for and value intellectual, sporting, and creative achievement, supporting and celebrating one another's endeavours. We strive to deliver excellence and innovation in our teaching. We seek to nurture and encourage everyone to further their own development and contribute to our school community. We promote and value aspiration and the courage to take risks.

"I can do all things through God who gives me strength" Philippians 4:13

#### **WELL-BEING**

The well-being of our children is our top priority, and we strive to create a safe, supportive environment for everyone. We seek to promote and safeguard the physical, emotional and spiritual well-being of all those in our care, ensuring that all our children develop a high self-esteem and know that they are valued.

"I lift up my eyes to the mountains – where does my help come from? My help comes from the Lord, the maker of heaven and earth. He will not let your foot slip" Psalm 121:1-3

#### How do we implement teaching in the EYFS at St Peter's C Of E Infant School?

St. Peter's is a one form entry school with 1 Reception class, that has the use of a large classroom and a dedicated newly refurbished outdoor area. The classroom has a variety of free choice provision and areas for the children to access. Reception- 'Busy Bees' class has a full-time class teacher, supported by a TA and an Outdoor Learning TA.

Staffing is organised to support the children in a balance of adult-led and child-initiated experiences throughout the day. The children have continuous access to outdoor learning and provision.

Learning opportunities are carefully planned, taking in account children's interests, but also responding to their spontaneity with unplanned activities.

In our classroom you may see children playing with their peers or by themselves, deciding on resources and choosing their learning. You may see a child playing or listening to an adult, who is having a relevant interaction with them or teaching the child a new skill.

Adults may scaffold children's play, and this involves taking it to higher levels of learning. The adult will enter the play as a co-creator and helps to provoke a framework for the children to go from "what they know" to "what else they could know!" Scaffolding enables a child to solve a problem, carry out a task or achieve a goal, that previously was beyond their reach. During play, where foundational social and emotional skills are developed, scaffolding is a bridge to new skill levels using three key elements: modelling the skill, giving clues and asking questions while the child is trying out a new skill. As the child approaches mastery, this support is slowly withdrawn.

The new EYFS Statutory Framework does not prescribe a particular teaching approach. The DFE (2021) states in the framework (page16) that "Play is essential for children's development, building their confidence as they learn to explore, relate to others, see their own goals, and solve problems. Children learn by leading their own play, and by taking part in play which is guided by adults."

In the EYFS at St. Peter's C of E Infant School, our team decides what we want the children to learn in our classroom and the most effective ways of teaching it. Each day we stimulate children's interests, respond to each child's emerging needs, and guide their development through warm, positive and meaningful interactions coupled with secure routines for play and learning. As children develop their skills throughout the reception year, we use more direct teaching so that children develop the skills and confidence required for the end their Reception year and moving to KS1.

#### Planning in the EYFS

Our planning focuses on the children's needs, their interests, and stages of development. We seek opportunities to make connections between the areas of learning and plan next steps accordingly.

We deliver the curriculum through carefully planned, purposeful play, as well as adult-direct learning in order to enable the children to build on what they already know.

In class the children may be taught as a whole class, in small groups or individually, to ensure that they are all progressing from their starting points.

#### **Effective teaching and learning**

We encourage the children to guide us in shaping their learning experiences. The team discuss with the children what they are interested in and which skills they would like to develop further.

We develop children's curiosity, encourage inquisitiveness, a willingness for learning and find different ways to answer the children's questions!

At St. Peter's C of E Infant School, we provide a challenging, exciting, and attractive learning environment that offers high-quality opportunities for the children to learn through play within the classroom and outside. Our reception classroom has a continuous provision that is designed to offer practical, open-ended learning opportunities where children can think creatively and imaginatively. The children are supported to explore how resources work, can be adapted, and use their skills in a variety of contexts. By teaching in this way, we inspire children to sustain thinking and share their thinking and ideas with others.

### EYFS Long term planning- Implementing the curriculum

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
General Themes	All About me!	Celebrations and stories!	Ticket to ride!	Awesome creatures!	Come Outside!	Fun at the seaside!
NB: These themes may be adapted at various points to allow for children's interests to flow through the provision.  WELL-BEING & Behaviour for Learning	Starting school / my new class. My community: People who help us / Careers Me: Staying healthy / Food / Human body How have I changed? My family / PSED focus Feelings: What am I good at? How do I make others feel? Being kind / staying safe. Autumn and Harvest	Traditional Tales Old favourites Familiar tales Library visits TBC Gingerbread Man The Nativity Christmas Lists Letters to Father Christmas	Around the Town How do I get there? Where in the world have you been? Where do we live in the UK / world? Fly me to the moon! Vehicles past and Present Design your own transport! Who is Tim Peake?	Life cycles Safari Animals around the world Climates / Hibernation Down on the Farm Minibeasts Animal Arts and crafts Night and day animals Animal patterns David Attenborough Happy Habitats	Plants & Flowers Weather / seasons Does the moon shine? The great outdoors Planting seeds Make a sculpture: Andy Goldsworthy Reduce, Reuse & Recycle Fun Science / Materials	Under the sea Off on holiday / clothes Where in the world shall we go? Send me a postcard! Marine life Fossils – Mary Anning Seaside in the past- Jurassic coast. Compare: Now and then! Seaside art
Possible Texts and 'old favourites'	Only one you Can I build another me? The name jar. The colour monster and the colour monster goes to school. Superhero like you The big book of families Little Red Hen – Harvest Funnybones Gruffallo Pumpkin soup We are going on a leaf hunt. Stick man	The Jolly Postman Goldilocks We are going on a bear hunt. Traditional tales Christmas Story / Nativity Mog's Christmas Father Christmas The snowman A letter for Father Christmas Rama and Sita	The Snail and the Whale The Way back Home The Naughty Bus Mr. Gumpy's Outing The Train Ride Bob, The Man on the Moon Beegu Emma Jane's Aeroplane Passport to Paris	The Emperors Egg Polar Bear Polar Bear Leaf The Very Hungry Caterpillar Rainforest Facts books Greta and the Giants The Lion King Farmer Duck What the Ladybird heard Night Monkey Day Monkey	The tiny seed Oliver's Vegetables, fruit salad and milkshake One Plastic Bag Katie and the sunflowers.  Dear Greenpeace. Clean up!	Lighthouse Keeper's Lunch Billy's bucket Under the Sea Non – Fiction The Journey World Atlases Tiddler Dear Dinosaur The Dinosaur who lost his roar Katie and the dinosaurs Harry and the dinosaurs
'Wow' moments / Enrichment Weeks	Autumn walk Remembrance Day Harvest Time Birthdays Favourite Songs	Guy Fawkes / Bonfire Night Christmas Time / Nativity Play Diwali Hanukah Black History Month	LENT Story Telling Week  Internet Safety Week E-Safety workshop Road Safety	Animal Art week Let's go on Safari – Disney safari simulator. An animal a day! Easter time Mother's Day	Field exploration Planting seeds Weather experiments Weather Forecast Nature Scavenger Hunt	Picnic on the field- Lunch with family Wellbeing week Sports Day Under the Sea – singing songs and sea shanties

	What do I want to be when I grow up? Video for parents. Surrey Fire department visit 52 Acts of Kindness workshop	Remembrance Day Children in Need Anti-Bullying Week Book Week Library Storyteller visit Bake Gingerbread biscuits Christmas service at St Peter's Church	Map work Henri Matisse study Vincent Van Gogh Study	Science Week including Science week workshops Easter Egg Hunt Making soup and fruit salad Easter cakes Easter Service at St Peter's Church	Vincent Van Gogh Study Post a letter to David Attenborough Start of Ramadan. Eid- Storyteller	Fossil hunting Father's Day Healthy Eating Week World Environment Day St Peter's Day Explore the Coral Reefs and Plastic in our Lives. School Fete
EYFS Characteristics of Effective Learning	Playing and exploring: - C a larger store of informat Active learning: - Childrer develop into self-regulati Creating and thinking crit drawing on previous expe	ion and experiences to dragger of the concentrate and keep ong, lifelong learners, they ically: - Children develop	raw on, which positively n trying if they encount must take ownership, their own ideas and ma	ave a go'. Children who y supports their learning er difficulties. They are accept challenges, and l ake links between these	g. proud of their achieven learn persistence.	nents. For children to
The early years foundation stage	Unique Child: Every child Positive Relationships: C independence across the Enabling environments: C respond to their individual Learning and Development than others.	is unique and has the po nildren flourish with warr EYFS curriculum. Children Children learn and develo al needs and passions and	tential to be resilient, c m, strong & positive par n and practitioners are p well in safe and secu I help them build upon	apable, confident and so tnerships between all so NOT alone – embrace e re environments where their learning over time	taff and parents/carers ach community. routines are establishe e.	d and where adults
	Play at St Peter's C of E II that active learning involve periods. We believe that underlying ethos of Learn they learn to explore, relative play and taking part We can ensure that all chemical process.	ves other children, adults, Early Years education sho ling through play. PLAY is te to others around then in play guided by adults.	, objects, ideas, stimuli, ould be as practical as p s essential for children's n, develop relationship '. EYFS Team	and events that aim to ossible, and therefore, v development across al s, set their own goals, a	engage and involve chi we are proud that our E I areas. Play builds on c	Idren for sustained YFS setting has an hildren's confidence as
S.T.E.A.M.	STEAM is an integrated le 'how' and 'what'. It allow problems that aren't obvithat subjects are mapped	arning approach that invo s our children to think de ous. We have specific STI	olves science, technolo eper about problems, t	gy, engineering, the arts to take the skills and pro	cesses from the above	areas and solve

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
General Themes	All About me!	Celebrations and stories!	Ticket to Ride!	Amazing Animals!	Come Outside!	Fun at the seaside!
Assessment opportunities	Assessments In-house - Baseline data on entry National Baseline data by the end of term Set up 2 build a profile.	Ongoing assessments Baseline analysis Pupil progress meetings with headteacher Parents evening. Half-term teacher assessments/ judgements.	Ongoing assessments Pupil progress meetings with headteacher Half-term teacher assessments/ judgements.	Ongoing assessments Pupil progress meetings Parents evening. Half-term teacher assessments/ judgements.	Ongoing assessments	Pupil progress meetings Parents evening EOY data Reports for parents
Parental Involvement	Staggered Start Harvest Service at St Peter's Church Phonics workshop Visits to the classroom	Nativity Christmas Service at St Peter's Church Parents Evening Visits to the classroom	Grandparents morning.	Parents Evening Share a story. Mother's Day Assembly. Easter Service at St Peter's Church Visits to the classroom	Share a story	End of year Service at St Peter's Church Bring your dad to School morning. Parents Evening Community/School fete. Parents visit classroom
Communication and Language (C&L) Talk to parents about what language they speak at home, try and learn a few keywords and celebrate multilingualism in the classroom.	The development of child from an early age form the adults and peers through and echoing back what the children and engaging the and embed new words in children share their ideas become comfortable using the children share	ne foundations for language out the day in a language ney say with new vocabulation actively in stories, nor various contexts will give with support and modell	ge and cognitive develorich environment are ary added, practitioner affiction, rhymes, and per children the opporturing from their teacher,	opment. The number an crucial. By commenting is will build children's lar boems, and then providinity to thrive. Through contains and sensitive questioning	d quality of the convertion what children are in on what children are in nguage effectively. Read ng them with extensive onversation, storytelling	sations they have with iterested in or doing ding frequently to opportunities to use g and role play, where
C&L is developed throughout the year through high-quality interactions, daily group discussions, circle time, RE lessons, PSED times, stories, singing, Pie Corbett	Welcome to EYFS Settling in activities Making friends Unlocking letters and Sounds phase 1 – first half term as a complement to the phonics sessions.	Tell me a story! Settling in activities Develop vocabulary. Tell me a story - retelling stories. Story language Word hunts	Tell me why! Using language correctly. Ask's how and why questions. Retell a story with story language.	Talk it through!  Describe events in detail – time connectives.  Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is essential.	What happened? Settling in activities Re-read some books, so children learn the language necessary to talk about what is happening in each	Time to share! Show and tell. Weekend news Read aloud books to children that will extend their knowledge of the world and illustrate a

T4W actions, Nativity play and assemblies	Children talking about experiences that are	Listening and responding to stories	Story invention – talk it!	Use picture cue cards to talk about an	illustration and relate it to their	current topic. Select books containing
Daily Storytime	familiar to them. What are your passions/goals/dreams? This is me! Familiar Print Sharing facts about me! Shared stories All about me! Model talk routines throughout the day. For example, arriving in school: "Good morning, how are you?"	Following instructions Takes part in a discussion. Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is essential. Use new vocabulary throughout the day. Learn rhymes, poems and songs.	Ask questions to find out more and to check that they understand what has been said to them.  Describe events in some detail.  Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding.  Learn rhymes, poems and songs.	object: "What colour is it? Where would you find it? Sustained focus when listening to a story.	own lives.	photographs and pictures, for example, places in different weather conditions and seasons.
Personal, Social and	Children's personal, socia	l, and emotional develop	•	or children to lead healt	hy and happy lives and	is fundamental to
<b>Emotional</b>	their cognitive developm		•	•	•	<u> </u>
Development	warm, and supportive rel	•			•	
	should be supported to n		•	•	•	•
	to persevere and wait for	•		•		
	after their bodies, includi		• .		• •	
	they learn how to make g which children can achiev			ts peaceably. These attri	butes will provide a sec	cure platform from
Managing Self	New Beginnings	Getting on and falling	Good to be me!	Relationships	Looking after others	WELL-BEING WEEK
ivialiagilig Seli	See themselves as a	out.	Feelings.	What makes a good	Friendships	WELL-BEING WELK
Calf Deculation	valuable individual.	How to deal with	Learning about	friend?	Show resilience and	Taking part in sports
Self - Regulation	Being me in my world.	anger Emotions	qualities and	Healthy me!	perseverance in the	day - Winning and
Calita Dahadam fan	Class Rules and	Self - Confidence	differences.	Random Acts of	face of challenges.	loosing
Link to Behaviour for	Routines.	Build constructive and	Celebrating	Kindness.	Discuss why we take	Changing me
Learning	Supporting children to	respectful	differences.	Looking after pets.	turns, wait politely,	Look how far I've
	build relationships.	relationships.	Identify and	Looking After our	tidy up after	come!
	Dreams and Goals.	Ask children to explain	moderate their own	planet.	ourselves and so on.	Model positive
		to others how they	feelings socially and	Give children		behaviour and
		thought about a	emotionally.	strategies for staying		highlight exemplary
		problem or an	Encourage them to	calm in the face of		behaviour of children
		emotion and how they	think about their	frustration. Talk		in the class, narrating
		dealt with it.	own feelings and	them through why		what was kind and
			those of others by	we take turns, wait		considerate about
			giving explicit examples of how	politely, tidy up after ourselves and so		the behaviour.
			evalubies of How	on		
		1		011	1	

others might feel in		
particular scenarios		

Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly. Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate. Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in an activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.

- Controlling own feelings and behaviours
- Applying personalised strategies to return to a state of calm.
- Being able to curb impulsive behaviours.
- Being able to concentrate on a task.
- Being able to ignore distractions.
- Behaving in pro-social ways
- Planning
- Thinking before acting
- Delaying gratification
- Persisting in the face of difficulty.

<ul> <li>Persisting in the</li> </ul>	race of difficulty.					
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
General Themes	All About me!	Celebrations and stories!	Ticket to Ride!	Amazing Animals!	Come Outside!	Fun at the seaside!
Physical development	develop incrementally th can support children to d the foundation for develo coordination, which is lat	children's development, croughout early childhood evelop their core strength oping healthy bodies and ser linked to early literacy. actice of using small tools	By creating games and n, stability, balance, spa social and emotional w Repeated and varied o	d providing opportunitie atial awareness, coordinatell-being. Fine motor coopportunities to explore	s for play both indoors ation, and agility. Gross ntrol and precision help and play with small wo	and outdoors, adults motor skills provide with hand-eye rld activities, puzzles,
Fine motor	Threading, cutting,	Threading, cutting,	Threading, cutting,	Threading, cutting,	Threading, cutting,	Threading, cutting,
Continuously check	weaving, playdough,	weaving, playdough,	weaving,	weaving, playdough,	weaving,	weaving, playdough,
the process of	Fine Motor activities.	Fine Motor activities.	playdough, Fine	Fine Motor activities.	playdough, Fine	Fine Motor activities.
children's	Manipulate objects	Drawing and sewing.	Motor activities.	Hold a pencil	Motor activities.	Form letters correctly
handwriting (pencil	with good fine motor	Develop muscle tone	Begin to form	effectively with	Develop pencil grip	Copy a square.
grip and letter	skills.	to put pencil pressure	letters correctly.	comfortable grip	and letter formation	Begin to draw
formation, including	Draw lines and circles	on paper	Handle tools,	Forms recognizable	continually.	diagonal lines, like in
	using gross motor	Use tools to effect	objects,	letters most	Use one hand	a triangle / Start to
directionality).	movements.	changes to materials.	construction, and	correctly formed.	consistently for fine	colour inside the
Provide extra help	Hold pencil/paintbrush	Show preference for a	malleable materials	Build things with	motor tasks.	lines of a picture.
and guidance when	beyond whole hand	dominant hand.	with increasing	smaller linking	Cut along a straight	Start to draw
needed.	grasp.	Engage children in	control	blocks, such as Duplo	line with scissors /	recognisable
	Pencil Grip	structured activities:		or Lego.		pictures/

Daily opportunities		guide them in what to	Holding Small Items		Start to cut along a	Build things with		
for Fine Motor		draw, write or copy.	/ do buttons/ get		curved line, like a	smaller linking		
Activities		Teach and model	dressed and		circle /	blocks, such as Lego		
		correct letter	undressed.		Draw a cross.			
		formation.	Cutting with		Build things with			
			scissors.		smaller linking			
					blocks, such as			
					Lego.			
<b>Gross motor</b>	Cooperation games i.e.	Travelling and moving	Ball skills- aiming,	Balance- children	Obstacle activities-	Races / team games		
	parachute games.	in different ways using	dribbling, pushing,	moving with	children moving	involving gross moto		
	Climbing – outdoor	their whole body.	throwing &	confidence.	over, under,	movements.		
	equipment	Ball skills- catching	catching, patting, or	Dance related	through and around	Dance related		
	Different ways of	and throwing.	kicking.	activities	equipment.	activities. Allow less		
	moving to be explored	Skipping ropes in the	Ensure that spaces	Provide	Encourage children	competent and		
	with children.	outside area and	are accessible to	opportunities for	to be highly active	confident children to		
	Changing for PE / Help	dance-related	children with	children to, spin,	and get out of	spend time initially		
	individual children to	activities	varying confidence	rock, tilt, fall, slide,	breath several times	observing and		
	develop good personal		levels, skills, and	and bounce.	every day. Provide	listening, without		
	hygiene. Acknowledge		needs. Provide a	Use picture books	opportunities for	feeling pressured to		
	and praise their efforts.		wide range of	and other resources	children to, spin,	join in.		
	Provide regular		activities to support	to explain the	rock, tilt, fall, slide,	Balance		
	reminders about		a broad range of	importance of the	and bounce.			
	thorough handwashing		abilities.	different aspects of a	Dance / moving to	Yoga sessions.		
	and toileting.		Dance / moving to	healthy lifestyle.	music			
			music.					
			Balance					
			From Development	t Matters 2021':				
	Revise and refine	the fundamental movem	ent skills they have alr	eady acquired: - rolling -	crawling - walking - jur	mning - running -		
	hopping - skippin		iene sians energ nave and	eady addances. Toming	cravviii.g trainii.g jai			
		s a more fluent style of mo	oving with developing	control and grace				
	_	all body strength, co-ordi		_	successfully with future	nhysical education		
	•	er physical disciplines incl			Jacobstany With ratale	pysical caacation		
		all motor skills so that the		-	and confidently Sugge	ested tools: nencils for		
	1	ing, paintbrushes, scissor	-		and confidency. Jugge	.stea tools. periolis foi		
	_	uscle strength to achieve			on the floor			
			•	-		lon overall body		
	<ul> <li>Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group. Develop overall body-</li> </ul>							

• Further develop and refine a range of ball skills including throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting, and aiming. Develop confidence,

strength, balance, co-ordination and agility.

competence, precision and accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
General Themes	All About me!	Celebrations and	Ticket to Ride!	Amazing Animals!	Come Outside!	Fun at the seaside!
		stories!				
Literacy	Joining in with rhymes	Retell stories related	Making up stories	Re-read books to	Information leaflets	Can draw pictures of
_	and showing an interest	to events through	with themselves as	build up their	about animals in the	characters/ event /
Comprehension	in stories with repeated	acting/role play.	the main character	confidence in word	garden/plants and	setting in a story.
•	refrains. Environment print. Having a	Diwali, Bonfire night, Remembrance Day	Encourage children to record stories	reading, their fluency and their	growing. Timeline of how	Listen to stories, accurately
- Developing a	favourite story/rhyme.	and Christmas	through picture	understanding and	plants grow.	anticipating key
passion for reading	Understand the five key	letters/lists. Retelling	drawing/mark	enjoyment.	plants grow.	events & respond to
Children will visit the	concepts about print: -	stories using images /	making for LAs.		Retell a story with	what they hear with
school library	print has meaning -	apps. Pie Corbett	Read simple	World Book Day	actions and / or	relevant comments,
weekly.	print can have different	Actions to retell the	phrases and		picture prompts as	questions, and
	purposes - we read	story – Story Maps.	sentences made up	Stories from other	part of a group -	reactions.
	English text from left to right and from top to	Retelling of stories. Editing of story maps	of words with known letter–sound	cultures and traditions	Use story language when acting out a	Make predictions. Beginning to
	bottom - the names of	and orally retelling	correspondences	traditions	narrative. Rhyming	understand that a
	the different parts of a	new stories. Non-	and, where	Uses vocabulary and	words.	non-fiction is a non-
	book.	Fiction Focus Retelling	necessary, a few	forms of speech that	Parents reading	story- it gives
	Sequencing familiar	of stories.	exception words.	are increasingly	stories.	information instead.
	stories using pictures to	Sequence story – use	Read a few	influenced by their	Can explain the	Fiction means story
	tell the story.	vocabulary of	common exception words matched to	experiences of	main events of a	Can point to front
	Recognising initial sounds. Name writing	beginning, middle and end.	phonics scheme-	books. They develop their	story – Can draw pictures	cover, back cover, spine, blurb,
	activities. Engage in	Blend sounds into	LS/JP.	own narratives and	of characters/ event	illustration,
	extended conversations	words, so that they	Make the books	explanations by	/ setting in a story.	illustrator, author,
	about stories, learning	can read short words	available for	connecting ideas or	May include labels,	and title.
	new vocabulary.	made up of known	children to share at	events	sentences, or	Sort books into
		letter– sound	school and at home.		captions.	categories.
		correspondences.	Avoid asking children to read			
		Enjoys an increasing range of books	books at home they			
		Tange of books	cannot yet read.			
Word Reading	Phase 1- Letters and	Phase 3 Unlocking	Phase 3 and phase	Phase 3 mastery	Phase 4 Unlocking	Phase 4 mastery
	sounds- First weeks of	Letters and Sounds	3 mastery	Unlocking Letters	Letters and Sounds.	Unlocking Letters
Children will be taught	term.	5 11	Unlocking Letters	and Sounds.		and Sounds
as a whole class using	Phase 2 Unlocking	Reading: Initial	and Sounds	Danding Dhamaing	Reading: Story	Danding Danding
	Letters and Sounds-	sounds, oral blending, CVC sounds, reciting	Role play area – Space station,	Reading: Rhyming strings, a common	structure-beginning, middle, end.	Reading: Reading simple sentences
Unlocking Letters and		know stories, listening	airport and travel	theme in traditional	Innovating and	with fluency. Reading
Sounds programme.		to stories with	agents	tales, identifying	retelling stories to	CVCC and CCVC
Focus on teaching and		attention and recall.	Reading: Blending	characters and	an audience, non-	words confidently.
consolidation of phase			CVC sounds,	settings.	fiction books.	
2 sounds and phase 3		Help children to read	rhyming,		Reading CVCC and	End of term
sounds. Moving		the sounds speedily.	alliteration, knows	Help children	CCVC, CCVCC and	assessments
			that print is read	become familiar with	CCCVCC words.	

forwards, they will be taught phase 4. Group differentiation if needed after phase 2-small group lessons. Focus on tricky words and HFW words. Introduction of phase 2 level books and 3 for more confident readers.		This will make sound-blending easier.  Listen to children read aloud, ensuring books are consistent with their developing phonic knowledge.	from left to right. Spotting diagraphs in words. Show children how to touch each finger as they say each sound. For exception words such as 'the' and 'said' help children identify the sound that is tricky to spell.	letter groups, such as 'th', 'sh', 'ch', 'ee', or 'igh'. Provide opportunities for children to read words containing familiar letter groups: 'that', 'shop', 'chin', 'feet', 'storm', 'night'.	Listen to children read some longer words made up of letter-sound correspondences they know: 'rabbit', 'himself', 'jumping'.  Children should not be required to use other strategies to work out words.  Non-fiction texts, Internal blending, Naming letters of the alphabet. Distinguishing capital letters and lower-case letters.  Note correspondences between letters and sounds that are unusual or that they have not yet been taught, such as 'do', 'said, 'were'.	Transition work with Year 1 staff
Writing	Texts as a Stimulus: -Nursery Rhymes	Texts as a Stimulus: Goldilocks and the Three Bears role play	Texts as a Stimulus: Oi get of our train! Report about which	Texts as a Stimulus: -The emperor's egg /write sounds they	Texts as a Stimulus: -Hungry Caterpillar	Texts as a Stimulus: -Big Blue Whale (Information Text)
TFW used as stimulus across the year.	Label characters - Little Red Hen	crime scene. Create a wanted poster to catch	animals were getting in the train, and what happens	can hear and sentence writing.	- (Cumulative) Describe foods/adjectives	Write facts about whales.
Tauta man ali sus sa di s	Sequence the story. Speech bubbles Dominant hand, tripod	Goldilocks.  Name writing, labelling using initial	next. Make marks and write the sound they can hear.	-Leaf - retell parts of the story / repeated refrains/speech bubbles and story	CVC words / simple sentence writing using high	<b>Dear Dinosaur:</b> Write a birthday card.
Texts may change due to the children's interests	grip, mark-making, giving meaning to marks and labelling.	sounds, story scribing. Retelling stories in the writing area.	-Naughty bus- Write about favourite part using	sequencing.  Healthy Food – My	frequency words Sunflower Diary	Story writing, writing sentences using a range of tricky words
	-Going on a Bear hunt So many other	Help children identify the sound that is tricky to spell.	key words from the	Menu Creating own story	Write new version.	that are spelt correctly.

	forms arise from role play, e.g. signs for the bear's cave, lists of items to take etc -Drawing club sessions	-The Gingerbread Man Simple traditional tale with plenty of repetition Shopping list, write a recipe, simple instructions for making Gingerbread. Labelling using initial sounds, story scribing. Retelling stories in the writing area. Help children identify the sound that is tricky to spell. Sequence the story. Write a sentence.	Describe each animal.  Man on the moon: What would you take for a journey to the moon?  CVC words / simple sentence writing using high frequency words  Writing some tricky words such as I, me, my, like, to, the. Writing CVC words, Labels using CVC, CVCC, CCVC words.  Guided writing based on developing short sentences in a meaningful context.	captions and labels, writing simple sentences and writing short sentences to accompany story maps. Order the Easter story.  Labels and captions — life cycles Character descriptions.  Write 2 sentences	Writing recipes, lists. Writing for a purpose in role-playing or continuous provision using phonetically plausible attempts at words, beginning to use finger spaces. Form lower-case and capital letters correctly. Rhyming words. Acrostic poems	Beginning to use full stops, capital letters and finger spaces. Recount – A trip to  Innovation of familiar texts Using familiar texts as a model for writing own stories.  Character/animal description – Billy's bucket Write three sentences – Differentiate if needed.  Writing about school trip/ diary entry.  Lighthouse Keeper's lunch: Design and write a plan to stop the seagulls eating the lighthouse keeper's lunch.
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
General Themes	All About me!	Celebrations and stories!	Amazing Animals!	Come Outside!	Ticket to Ride!	Fun at the seaside!
Maths  Mastery programme following Power maths- White Rose	Early Mathematical Experiences Counting rhymes and songs Classifying objects based on one attribute. •Matching equal and unequal sets •Comparing objects and sets. Subitising. •Ordering objects and sets / introduce	Shape and sorting Describe and sort 2-D & 3-D shapes Change within 5 Children will learn about one more/one less within 5. They will use role play and first, then, now story structures to explore adding/taking one. Children will	Counting to 9 and 10 Children will learn to count to 10. They will be introduced to the numbers 9 and 10 and use the ten frame to scaffold their counting to 10.	Number bonds to 10 Children will explore number bonds to 10 using a variety of representations. Children will progress from seeing concrete representations to pictorial representations (counters), finally	Counting on and counting back Taking away by counting back Children will learn how to count back from a given number in order to subtract. Children will use the first, then, now structure to identify what	Measure Volume and capacity Children will use simple everyday language to compare volume and capacity using the terms full, empty, nearly full, and nearly empty in the context of liquids (water) and solids (sand).

manipulatives. Number recognition.

#### Calendar and time Days of the week, seasons

Sequence daily events

### Pattern and early number

Recognise, describe, copy and extend colour and size patterns
•Count and represent the numbers 1 to 5
•Estimate and check by counting.
Recognise numbers in the environment.

learn to recognise that the next number they count is one more than the previous number.

### Number bonds within 5

Children will be introduced to the vocabulary of whole and part, and practise the concept of breaking a whole into parts using a part-whole model.

#### Spatial awareness

Children will develop their vocabulary to describe the position of objects. They will look at items from different viewpoints and draw representations of the items they see.

#### Numbers to 10-Counting to 6, 7, 8

Children learn to count up to 8 objects and show them using concrete representations, including the ten frames. Children are introduced to counters as a representation of an amount for the first time.

## Comparing numbers within 10

Children will

compare numbers up to 10.
They will focus on comparing groups of objects where the objects differ in size.

#### Addition to 10 Combining 2 groups to find the whole

Children will develop confidence in using the partwhole model, being able to identify the whole and the parts in different orientations and understanding that the combined parts make the whole. The key vocabulary altogether is introduced as a term to describe the combined parts.

#### Measure Length, height, and distance

and distance
Children will be
introduced to
length, height and
distance. They use
the words longer,
shorter and taller to
compare length.
Children will focus
on lining up objects
to compare them

using counters on a ten frame to show all number bonds to 10. They will answer 'how many altogether 'and 'how many more' questions.

### The part-whole model to 10

Children will explore all the different ways to make 10 on a part-whole model, and gain confidence with the concept and vocabulary of parts and wholes: that the whole can be made up of two or more parts, and that the parts are combined to make the whole.

#### **Subtraction**

Children will continue exploring subtraction, now looking specifically at the number bonds to 10. These are shown using counters and the part-whole model, which have both been used before. Children begin to work with subtraction number bonds, following the 'missing part' structure.

number they are counting back from, and how many they are counting back.

### Numbers to 20 Teen numbers

Children will learn to count to 20. They will be introduced to the teen numbers - made of 10 plus another single number.

# Numerical patterns Doubling

Children will explore what is meant by doubling and will learn to recognise and represent doubles to double 5 in a range of contexts.

### Halving and sharing

Children will focus on halving quantities by sharing into two equal groups. They will make links to the fact that halving is the opposite, or inverse, of doubling.

#### **Odds and evens**

Children will continue their work on numerical patterns to explore

# Sorting Sorting into 2 groups

Children will focus on similarities and differences in sets of objects found in the classroom. Children will sort objects into two groups based on size, colour, and shape. They will discover that groups can be sorted in different ways and into more than two groups.

#### Time My day

Children will be introduced to the concept of times of the day and the order of events in a day. They will begin to order familiar events using clues from pictures and will be introduced to the idea that the clock tells the time of the day, without having to read the clock.

#### The clocks

Children will revisit the days of the week, reciting the names and ordering them and will use language related to time such as 'yesterday', 'today' and

and begin to explore nonstandard units of measurement.

#### Weight

Children will be introduced to the concept of weight. They may already have some previous understanding of the meaning of heavy and light objects. They will begin to compare two items and learn how balance scales show which item is lighter or heavier.

# Exploring patterns Making simple patterns

Children will focus on recognising. continuing and building simple patterns. Children will have the opportunity to learn about AB patterns specifically. They will be encouraged to discover that patterns can be created using various shapes, colours, sizes, actions, and sounds.

### Exploring more complex patterns

Children will focus on recognising, continuing and building more complex patterns. Children will have the opportunity to learn about ABB and AAB patterns specifically.

# Counting on and counting back Adding by counting on

counting on
Children will learn
how to count on
from a given number
in order to add.
Children will use the
first, then, now
structure to identify

odd and even numbers in familiar contexts. They will use their understanding of equal groups to identify odd and even numbers.

#### Shape

Children will explore how shapes can be composed and decomposed and be able to recognise that a shape can have other shapes within it, just as a number can. Children will explore the attributes of shapes through many hands-on activities while discovering. describing, proving, and predicting. They will experience building a combination of figures as a single new figure.

'tomorrow'. They will begin to recognise o'clock times on analogue and digital clocks and match these to key events in their daily routine and in stories.

#### Money

Children begin to recognise that different coins have different values (they will buy more or less. are worth more or less). They then begin to match real coins to amounts of money, e.g. 10p is ten 1p coins, 20p is twenty 1p coins. They then start to use money in small amounts to buy things, starting to realise that they can pay a given amount using different combinations of coins.

### Mental addition and subtraction

Children partition five, six and ten objects into two groups in order to find all the pairs of numbers with totals of 5, 6 and 10. The matching additions are recorded and read. Children count on 1, 2, 3 or 4 from any number to give

what number they	totals up to 20, and
are counting on	begin to count back
from, and how many	1, 2 or 3 from
they are counting on.	numbers up to 20.

Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, the curriculum must include rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics, including shape, space, and measures. Children must develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, 'have a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
General Themes	All About me!	Celebrations and	Ticket to Ride!	Awesome	Come Outside!	Fun at the seaside!
		stories!		Animals!		
Understanding the	Identifying their family.	Can talk about what	Use Handa's	SCIENCE WEEK	Introduce the	To understand where
world		they have done with	Surprise to explore		children to recycling	dinosaurs are now
	Commenting on photos	their families during	a different country.	Listening to stories	and how it can take	and begin to
	of their family; naming	Christmas' in the past.	Discuss how they	and placing events in	care of our world.	understand that they
	who they can see and	Show photos of how	got to school and	chronological order.	Look at what	were alive an
	of what relation they	Christmas used to be	what mode of		rubbish can do to	exceptionally long
	are to them.	celebrated in the past.	transport they	Arctic animals-	our environment	time ago.
			used.	survival in a hostile	and animals.	Our Jurassic Coast.
	Can talk about what	Celebrations from	Introduce the	climate/		Learn about what a
	they do with their	Around the World and	children to a range	camouflage/habits/	Create	palaeontologist is
	family and places they	UK.	of transport and	polar explorer.	opportunities to	and how they
	have been with their		where they can be		discuss how we care	explore old artefacts.
	family.	Remembrance Day	found.	Climate change and	for the natural	Introduce Mary
			Look at the	preservation of	world around us.	Anning as the first
	Can draw similarities	Use world maps to	difference between	Glaciers/ habitats		female to find a
	and make comparisons	show children where	transports in this	what can we do?	Can children make	fossil.
	between other families.	some stories are	country and one		comments on the	Materials: Floating /
		based.	other country.	What can we do here	weather, culture,	Sinking – boat
	Name and describe		Encourage the	to take care of	clothing, housing.	building Metallic /
	people who are familiar	Use the Jolly Postman	children to make	animals in the	Change in living	non-metallic objects
	to them.	to draw information	simple	jungle?	things – Changes in	Seaside in the past
		from a map and begin	comparisons.	Compare animals	the leaves, weather,	and now. – Magic
	Read fictional stories	to understand why		from a jungle to	seasons,	Grandad
	about families and start	maps are so important	Use bee-bots on	those on a farm.		Share non-fiction
	to tell the difference	to postmen.	simple maps.		Explore the world	texts that offer an
	between real and		Encourage the	Explore a range of	around us and see	insight into
	fiction.		children to use	jungle animals. Learn		

		Share different	navigational	their names and	how it changes as	contrasting
	eir immediate family d community.	cultures versions of famous fairy tales.	language.	label their body parts.	we enter Summer.	environments.
and	•	To introduce children	Can children talk	parts.	Provide	Listen to how
Nav		to a range of fictional	about their homes	Nocturnal Animals	opportunities for	children
	assroom and outdoor	characters and	and what there is to	Making sense of	children to note and	communicate their
are	eas.	creatures from stories	do near their	different	record the weather.	understanding of
		and to begin to	homes?	environments and		their own
Intr		differentiate these		habitats.	Building a 'Bug	environment and
	· ·	characters from real	Look out for		Hotel'	contrasting
	-	people in their lives.	children	Use images, video		environments
	ansport to help them		drawing/painting or	clips, shared texts	Draw children's	through conversation
in t	-	Stranger danger	constructing their	and other resources	attention to the	and in play.
l		(based Little Red	homes.	to bring the wider	immediate	
	ten out for and make of children's	Riding Hood).	Encourage them to	world into the	environment,	
		Talking about	comment on what their home is like.	classroom. Listen to what	introducing and modelling new	
		Talking about occupations and how	their nome is like.	children say about	vocabulary where	
		to identify strangers	Show photos of the	what they see	appropriate.	
		that can help them	children's homes	Listen to children	арргорпасс.	
		when they are in	and encourage	describing and	Encourage	
Aut		need.	them to draw	commenting on	interactions with	
cha	anges that occur		comparisons.	things they have	the outdoors to	
wit	thin the season.			seen whilst outside,	foster curiosity and	
			Environments –	including plants and	give children	
			Features of local	animals.	freedom to touch,	
			environment Maps	After close	smell and hear the	
			of local area	observation, draw	natural world	
			Comparing places	pictures of the	around them during	
			on Google Earth –	natural world,	hands-on	
			how are they similar/different?	including animals	experiences.	
			Similar/unierent:	and plants.	Look for children	
			Introduce the		incorporating their	
			children to NASA		understanding of	
			and America.		the seasons and	
			Introduce children		weather in their	
			to European Space		play.	
			Agency and Tim			
			Peake.		Use the Bee-Bots	

			Introduce children to significant figures who have been to space and begin to understand that some of those events happened before they were born.  Can children differentiate between land and water.  Take children to places of worship and places of local importance to the community.  E-SAFETY WEEK			
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
RE	Who am I and where do I belong? Creation (God)	Why is Christmas special for Christians? Incarnation	What can we learn from the stories of Jesus? Salvation	What is in an Easter Garden? Salvation	What makes something special? Incarnation	What makes our world wonderful and how should we care for it? Creation (God)
Our RE Curriculum enables children to develop a positive sense of themselves and others and learn how to form positive and respectful relationships.	What is precious to you? How do Christians believe the world began? What is special about the natural world? What makes us unique? Why is Harvest important?	How do people prepare for the birth of a baby? How did Mary know she was going to have a baby? How did Mary and Joseph feel about having a baby?	How did Jesus 'rescue' people who needed food? How did Jesus 'rescue' people who couldn't see? How did Jesus 'rescue' people who were ill?	What was the donkey's special job? What was special about Jesus' meal with his friends? Why did Jesus go to a special garden? Why is the cross special?	Who is special to you? Who is particularly special to Christians? Why do Christians believe they are special to Jesus? What made Jesus a special child to Christians?	Who helps care for our special world? How can we care for the animals in our special world? Who cares for God's house? How can we show we care for our world everyday?

They will begin to understand and value the differences of individuals and groups within their own community.  Children will have opportunity to develop their emerging moral and cultural awareness.		How do Christians prepare for the special day of Christmas? What story do Christians remember at Christmas and why? Why is Christmas special for Christians?	How did Jesus 'rescue' people who were lonely? How did Jesus 'rescue' people who were sad?	What is special about the stone? What is special about Easter?	What made Jesus a special grown up? What has Jesus taught Christians?	Who cares for our school?
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
General Themes	All About me!	Celebrations and stories!	Ticket to Ride!	Awesome Animals!	Come Outside!	Fun at the seaside!
<b>Expressive Arts and</b>	Join in with songs;	Use different textures	Explore The magic	Make different	Life cycles, Flowers-	Sand pictures /
Design	beginning to mix	and materials to make	Paintbrush-	textures; make	Sun flowers.	Rainbow fish collages
	colours, join in with	houses for the three	Making lanterns,	patterns using	Camille and the	Van Gogh Seascape
Painting, 3D modelling,	role play games and use	little pigs and bridges	Chinese writing,	different colours.	sunflowers- explore	
messy play, collage,	resources available for	for the Three Billy	puppet making,		Vincent van Gogh.	Lighthouse designs
cutting, drama, role	props; build models	Goats	Chinese music and	Learn a traditional		
play, threading,	using construction	Listen to music and	composition	African song and		Paper plate jellyfish.
moving to music, clay	equipment.	make their own	Shadow Puppets.	dance and perform it	Children will explore	
sculptures, following		dances in response.		/ Encourage children	ways to protect the	Ice cream cone art
music patterns with	Sing call-and-response		Matisse- The snail	to create their own	growing of plants by	with ripped squares
instruments, singing	songs, so that children	Firework pictures,		music.	designing	of paper- mosaic.
songs linked to topics,	can echo phrases of	Christmas decorations,	Teach children		scarecrows.	
making instruments,	songs you sing.	Christmas cards,	different	Pastel drawings,	Callaga farms	Watercolour
percussion.	Self-portraits, junk	Christmas	techniques for	printing, patterns on	Collage-farm	paintings of a seaside
Children to produce a		songs/poems	joining materials, such as how to use	Easter eggs.	animals / Making houses.	landscape.
Children to produce a piece of art work each	modelling, take picture of children's creations	The use of story mans	adhesive tape and	Mothor's Day crafts	nouses.	Collaborative mural
half term to be	and record them	The use of story maps,	different sorts of	Mother's Day crafts Easter crafts		
displayed for	explaining what they	props, puppets & story bags will encourage	glue.	Laster Crarts	Retelling familiar	painting- Under the sea.
'Celebration wall' for	did.	children to retell,	Side.		stories.	JC4.
school / parents to		invent and adapt	Leonardo and the	Polar Explorers and	Provide children	Puppet shows:
show how drawings	Julia Donaldson songs.	stories.	flying boy.	Jungle explorers role	with a range of	Provide a wide range
have developed - lots	Exploring sounds and		Design and make	play area.	materials for	of props for play
of links to Fine Motor	how they can be		rockets thinking	. ,		

Skills. Children to	changed, tapping out of	Role Play Party's and	about form and	Rousseau's Tiger /	children to	which encourage
explain their work to	simple rhythms.	Celebrations Role Play	function.	animal prints.	construct with.	imagination.
others. Children will		of The Nativity	Creating outer of			
have opportunities to	Provide opportunities		space pictures.	Designing homes for	Artwork themed	Salt dough fossils
learn and perform	to work together to			hibernating animals.	around Eric Carle /	
songs, nursery rhymes	develop and realise		Junk modelling,		The Seasons – Art	Water pictures,
and poetry linked to	creative ideas.		houses, bridges	Collage owls	Provide a wide	collage, shading by
their work / interests			boats and	/symmetrical	range of props for	adding black or
and passions.	Superhero masks.		transport.	butterflies	play which	white, colour mixing
				Children will be	encourage	for beach huts.
	Artist study – Jackson		Starry night Vincent	encouraged to select	imagination.	
	Pollock		Van Gogh	the tools and		Colour mixing –
	Drip painting			techniques they		underwater pictures.
	JACKSON POLLOCK Sploshed Point and Wasn't Sorry.			need to assemble		
	La			materials that they		Seaside hue
				are using e.g creating		paintings.
				animal masks.		
	phaldon by Fausto Gilberti			Magical garden of		STEAM WEEK
				Claude Monet		
						Father's Day Crafts
				Matisse- snail		

### Early Learning Goals – for the end of the year- Holistic / best fit judgement!

Communication	Personal,	Physical	Literacy	Maths	Understanding the	Expressive arts
and Language	social, emotional	Development			World	and design
	development					
ELG: Listening,	ELG: Self-Regulation	ELG: Gross Motor	ELG: Comprehension	ELG: Number	ELG: Past and	ELG: Creating with
Attention and		Skills			Present	Materials
Understanding	Show an		Demonstrate	Have a deep		
	understanding of	Negotiate space	understanding of	understanding	Talk about the lives of	Safely use and
Listen attentively and	their own feelings	and obstacles safely,	what has been	of number to 10,	the people around	explore a variety of
respond to what they	and those of others	with consideration	read to them by	including	them and their roles	materials, tools
hear with relevant	and begin to regulate	for themselves and	retelling stories and	the composition of	in society.	and techniques,
questions, comments	their behaviour	others.	narratives using	each number.		experimenting
and actions when	accordingly.		their own words and		Know some	with colour, design,
being read to and		Demonstrate	recently introduced	Subitise (recognise	similarities and	texture, form
during whole class	Set and work towards	strength, balance and	vocabulary.	quantities without	differences between	and function.
discussions and small	simple goals, being	coordination when		counting) up to 5;	things in the past and	
group interactions	able to wait for what	playing.	Anticipate – where		now, drawing on	Share their creations,
	they want and ontrol		appropriate – key	- Automatically recall	their experiences	explaining the
Make comments	their immediate	Move energetically,	events in stories.	(without reference to	and what has been	process they have
about what they	impulses when	such as running,		rhymes, counting	read in class.	used; - Make use of
have heard and ask	appropriate.	jumping,	Use and understand	or other aids) number		props and
questions to clarify		dancing, hopping	recently introduced	bonds up to	Understand the past	materials when role
their understanding	Give focused	skipping,	vocabulary during	5 (including	through settings,	playing characters
	attention to what	and climbing.	discussions about	subtraction facts)	characters and events	in narratives and
Hold conversation	the teacher says,		stories, non-fiction,	and some number	encountered in books	stories.
when engaged in	responding	ELG: Fine Motor	rhymes and poems	bonds to	read in class	
back-and-forth	appropriately even	Skills	and during role-play.	10, including double	and storytelling.	ELG: Being
exchanges with their	when engaged in			facts.		Imaginative
teacher and peers	activity, and show an	Hold a pencil	ELG: Word Reading		ELG: People, Culture	and Expressive
	ability to follow	effectively		ELG: Numerical	and Communities	
ELG: Speaking	instructions involving	in preparation for	Say a sound for each	Patterns		Invent, adapt and
	several ideas or	fluent writing – using	letter in the alphabet		Describe their	recount narratives
Participate in small	actions.	the tripod grip	and at least 10	Verbally count	immediate	and stories with
group, class and one-		in almost all cases.	digraphs.	beyond 20,	environment using	peers and their
to-one discussions,	ELG: Managing Self			recognising the	knowledge from	teacher.
offering their own		Use a range of small	Read words	pattern of	observation,	
ideas, using recently	Be confident to try	tools, including	consistent with their	the counting system;	discussion, stories,	Sing a range of well-
	new activities	scissors,		-		known nursery

introduced	and show	paint brushes and	phonic knowledge by	Compare quantities	non-fiction texts and	rhymes and songs;
vocabulary.	independence,	cutlery.	sound-blending.	up to 10 in different	maps.	Perform songs,
	resilience, and			contexts, recognising		rhymes, poems and
Offer explanations for	perseverance in the	Begin to show	Read aloud simple	when one quantity is	Know some	stories with others,
why things might	face of challenge.	accuracy and care	sentences and books	greater than, less	similarities and	and – when
happen, making use		when drawing.	that are consistent	than or the same as	differences between	appropriate – try to
of recently	Explain the reasons		with their phonic	the other quantity.	different religious	move in time with
introduced	for rules, know right		knowledge,		and cultural	music.
vocabulary from	from wrong and try		including some	Explore and	communities in this	
stories, non-fiction,	to behave		common exception	represent	country, drawing on	
rhymes and poems	accordingly. Manage		words.	patterns within	their experiences and	
when appropriate.	their own basic			numbers up to 10,	what has been read	
	hygiene and personal		ELG: Writing	including evens and	in class.	
Express their ideas	needs, including			odds, double facts		
and feelings about	dressing, going to the		Write recognisable	and how quantities	Explain some	
their experiences	toilet, and		letters, most of which	can be distributed	similarities and	
using full sentences,	understanding the		are correctly formed.	equally.	differences between	
including use of past,	importance of		·		life in this country	
present and future	healthy food choices.		Spell words by		and life in other	
tenses and making			identifying sounds in		countries, drawing	
use of conjunctions,	ELG: Building		them		on knowledge from	
with modelling and	Relationships		and representing the		stories, non-fiction	
support from their			sounds with a letter		texts and –when	
teacher.	Work and play		or letters.		appropriate – maps.	
	cooperatively and					
	take turns with		Write simple phrases		<b>ELG: The Natural</b>	
	others.		and sentences that		World	
			can be read by			
	Create positive		others.		Explore the natural	
	attachments to				world around them,	
	adults and				making observations	
	friendships with				and drawing pictures	
	peers.				of animals and plants.	
	Chau cancitivity to				Know some	
	Show sensitivity to				Know some similarities and	
	their own and					
	to others' needs.				differences between	
					the natural world	
					around them and	
					contrasting	

		environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.	
		Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter.	